



Product Information

SAMSUNG DISPLAY**Customer : Visual Display Division****DATE : 14. Dec. 2011****SAMSUNG TFT-LCD****MODEL : LSJ400HL02-E**

Any Modification of Specification is not allowed without SDC's Permission.

NOTE :**Samsung Display Co . , LTD.**



Revision History

Date	Rev. No	Page	Summary
14. Dec. 2011	000	all	First issued

General Description

Description

LSJ400HL02 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT(Thin Film Transistor) as switching components. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit. The resolution of a 40" is 1920 x 1080 and this model can display up to 16.7 million colors with wide viewing angle of 89° or higher in all directions. This panel is intended to support applications to provide a excellent performance for Flat Panel Display such as Home-alone Multimedia TFT-LCD TV and High Definition TV.

Features

- High contrast & aperture ratio with wide color gamut
- SPVA (Super Patterned Vertical Align) mode
- Wide viewing angle ($\pm 178^\circ$)
- High speed response
- FHD resolution (16:9)
- 2Ch LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- 2D / 3D function compatible

General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Panel Size	893.5(H) x 506.05(V)	mm	$\pm 1.0\text{mm}$
	1.76(D)		Max
Weight	1.8(Max)	kg	
Pixel Pitch	0.46125(H) X 0.15375(V)	mm	
Active Display Area	885.6(H) X 498.15(V)	mm	
Surface Treatment	Haze 0%, Hard-coating (2H)		
Display Colors	16.7M (8Bits)	colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

If the condition exceeds maximum ratings, it can cause malfunction or unrecoverable damage to the device.

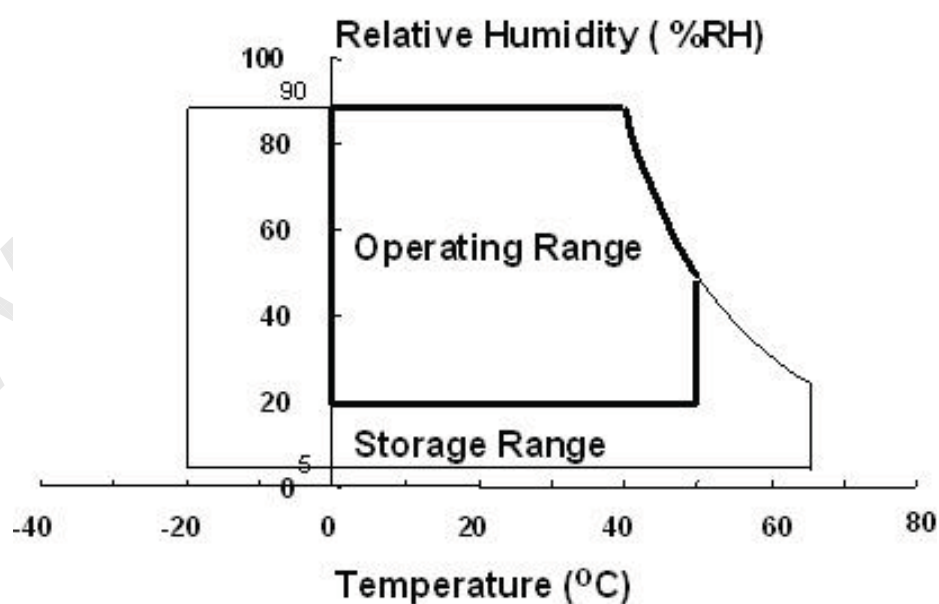
($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage		V_{DD}	10.8	13.2	V	(1)
Storage temperature		T_{STG}	-20	65	°C	(2)
Glass surface temperature (Operation)	Center	T_{OPR}	0	50	°C	(2)

Note (1) $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ °C}$

(2) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

- 90 % RH Max. ($T_a \leq 39\text{ °C}$)
- Relative Humidity is 90% or less. ($T_a > 39\text{ °C}$)
- No condensation



2. Optical Characteristics

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent.

Measuring equipment : TOPCON RD-80S, TOPCON SR-3 ,ELDIM EZ-Contrast

(Ta = 25 ± 2°C, VDD=12V)

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio (Center of screen)		C/R	Normal $\theta_{L,R}=0$ $\theta_{U,D}=0$ Viewing Angle	4,000	5,000	-		(1) SR-3
Response Time	G-to-G	Tg		-	4	12	msec	(3) RD-80S
Transmittance		T		4.46	4.8	-	%	(4) SR-3
Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Red	Rx		TYP. -0.03	0.640	TYP. +0.03		(5),(6) SR-3
		Ry			0.330			
	Green	Gx			0.300			
		Gy			0.600			
	Blue	Bx			0.150			
		By			0.060			
	White	Wx			0.280			
		Wy	0.290					
sRGB Concordance		-		-	98.5	-	%	(5) SR-3
Color Temperature		-		-	10,000	-	K	
Viewing Angle	Hor.	θ_L	C/R $\geq$ 10	75	89	-	Degree	(6) EZ- Contrast
		θ_R		75	89	-		
	Ver.	θ_U		75	89	-		
		θ_D		75	89	-		
Transmittance Uniformity (9 Points)		T _{uni}		-	-	10	%	(2) SR-3

Notice

(a) Test Equipment Setup

The measurement should be executed in a stable, windless and dark room between 40min and 60min after operating the Panel at the given temperature for stabilization of the standard light(SEC use standard illuminant D65 Media).

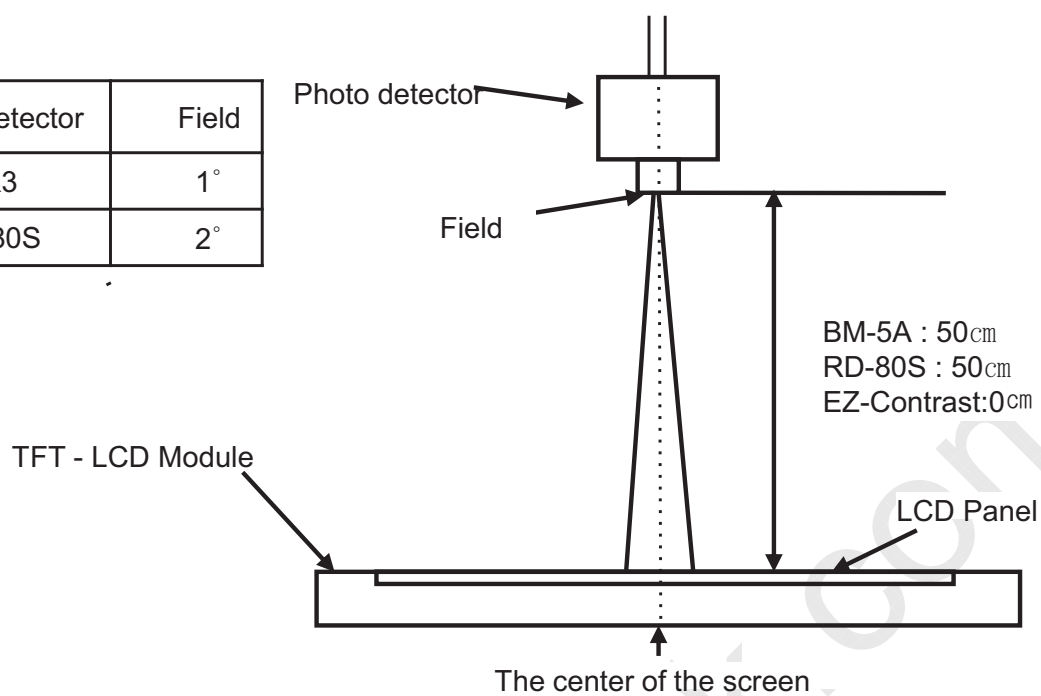
This should be measured in the center of screen. Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

(b) D65 Media means general available light source.

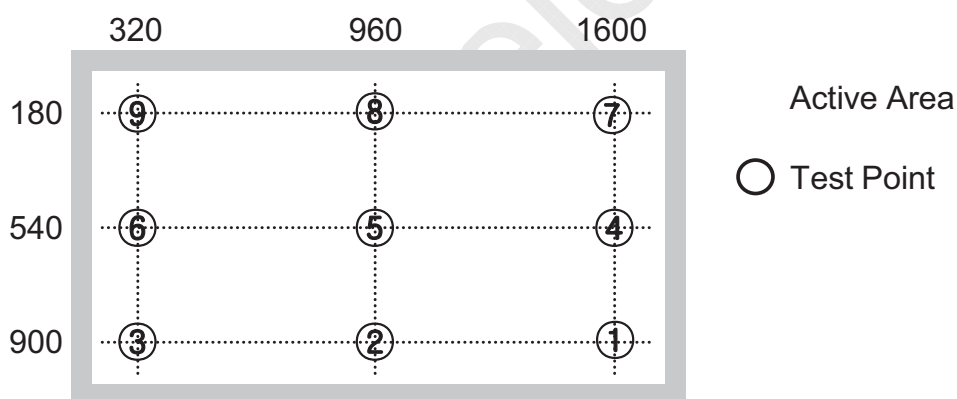
Color Temperature is 6504K , a color coordinate is Wx 0.2948, Wy 0.322,

Luminance is 3389cd/m²

Photo detector	Field
SR3	1°
RD-80S	2°



- Definition of test point



Note (1) Definition of Contrast Ratio (C/R)

: Ratio of gray max (Gmax) & gray min (Gmin) at the center point ⑤ of the panel

: The measurement goes in D65 Standard Light Source

$$C/R = \frac{G_{\max}}{G_{\min}}$$

Gmax : Luminance with all pixels white

Gmin : Luminance with all pixels black

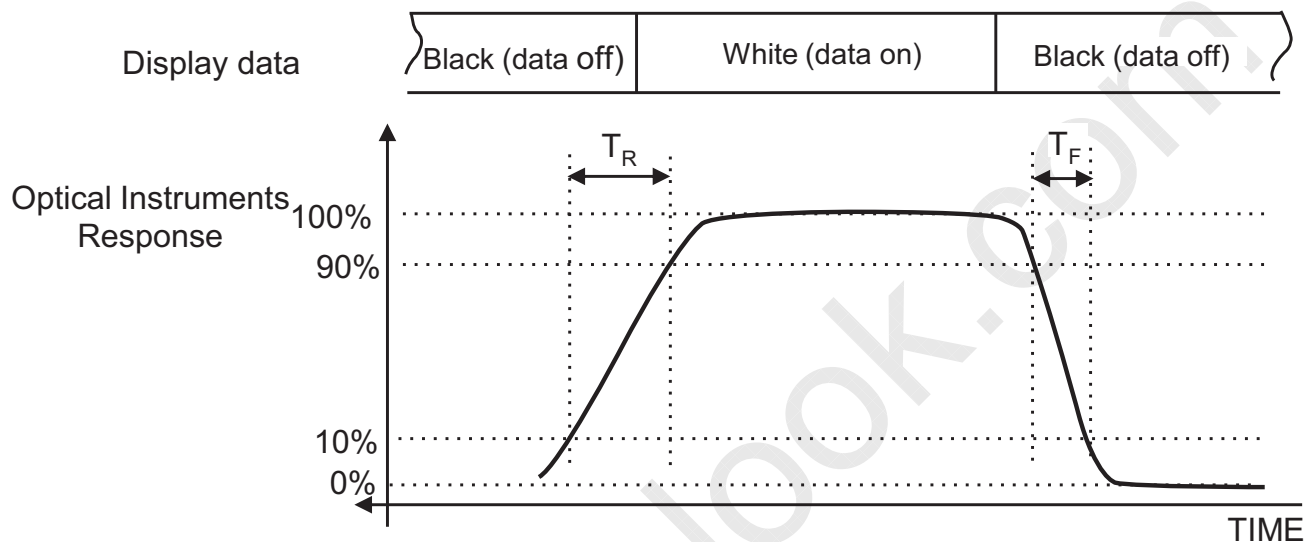
Note (2) Definition of 9 points Transmittance uniformity (Test pattern : Full White)
The measurement goes in D65 Standard Light Source

$$T_{uni} = \frac{(T_{\max} - T_{\min})}{T_{\max}} \times 100$$

$T_{\max}$: Maximum Transmittance

$T_{\min}$: Minimum Transmittance

Note (3) Definition of Response time : Sum of T_R , T_F

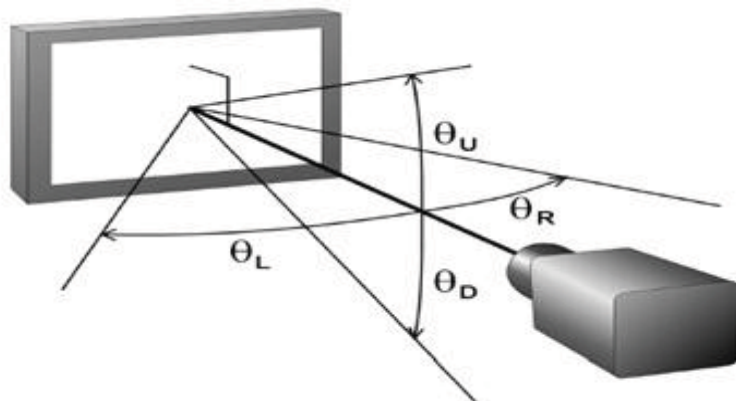


※ G-to-G : Average response time between Gray to Gray (Scale)

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White : Luminance of white at center point ⑤
The measurement goes in D65 Standard Light Source

Note (5) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)
Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point ⑤
The measurement goes in D65 Standard Light Source

Note (6) Definition of Viewing Angle
: Viewing angle range ($C/R \geq 10$)
The measurement goes in D65 Standard Light Source



3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 TFT LCD Module

The connector for display data & timing signal should be connected.

$$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$$

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Voltage of Power Supply		VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	(1)
Current of Power Supply	(a) Black	IDD	-	1400	1700	mA	(2),(3)
	(b) White		-	1400	1700	mA	
	(c) N-pattern		-	2000	3000	mA	
Vsync Frequency		fV	-	-	-	Hz	
Hsync Frequency		fH	-	-	-	kHz	
Main Frequency		Fdclk	-	-	-	MHz	
Rush Current		IRUSH	-	-	-	A	(4)

Note (1) The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{DD} .

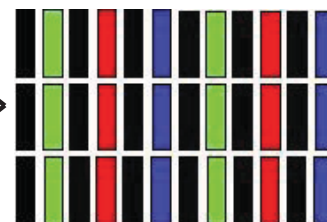
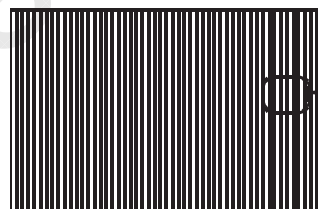
(2) $f_V = 240\text{ Hz}$, $f_{DCLK} = 594\text{ MHz}$, $V_{DD} = 12.0\text{V}$, DC Current.

(3) Power dissipation check pattern (LCD Module only)

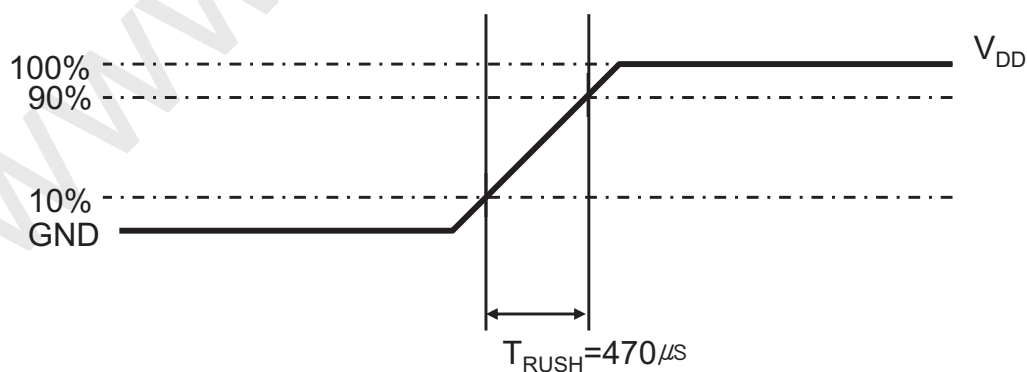
a) Black Pattern

b) White Pattern

c) N-pattern



(4) Measurement Conditions



Rush Current I_{RUSH} can be measured when T_{RUSH} is $470\mu\text{s}$.

5.1 LVDS Interface

- LVDS Receiver : FRC

	LVDS pin	JEIDA -DATA
TxOUT/RxIN0	TxIN/RxOUT0	R4
	TxIN/RxOUT1	R5
	TxIN/RxOUT2	R6
	TxIN/RxOUT3	R7
	TxIN/RxOUT4	R8
	TxIN/RxOUT5	R9
	TxIN/RxOUT6	G4
TxOUT/RxIN1	TxIN/RxOUT7	G5
	TxIN/RxOUT8	G6
	TxIN/RxOUT9	G7
	TxIN/RxOUT10	G8
	TxIN/RxOUT11	G9
	TxIN/RxOUT12	B4
	TxIN/RxOUT13	B5
TxOUT/RxIN2	TxIN/RxOUT14	B6
	TxIN/RxOUT15	B7
	TxIN/RxOUT16	B8
	TxIN/RxOUT17	B9
	TxIN/RxOUT18	HSYNC
	TxIN/RxOUT19	VSYNC
	TxIN/RxOUT20	DEN
TxOUT/RxIN3	TxIN/RxOUT21	R8
	TxIN/RxOUT22	R9
	TxIN/RxOUT23	G8
	TxIN/RxOUT24	G9
	TxIN/RxOUT25	B8
	TxIN/RxOUT26	B9
	TxIN/RxOUT27	RESERVED
TxOUT/RxIN4	TxIN/RxOUT28	R0
	TxIN/RxOUT29	R1
	TxIN/RxOUT30	G0
	TxIN/RxOUT31	G1
	TxIN/RxOUT32	B0
	TxIN/RxOUT33	B1
	TxIN/RxOUT34	RESERVED



5.2 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

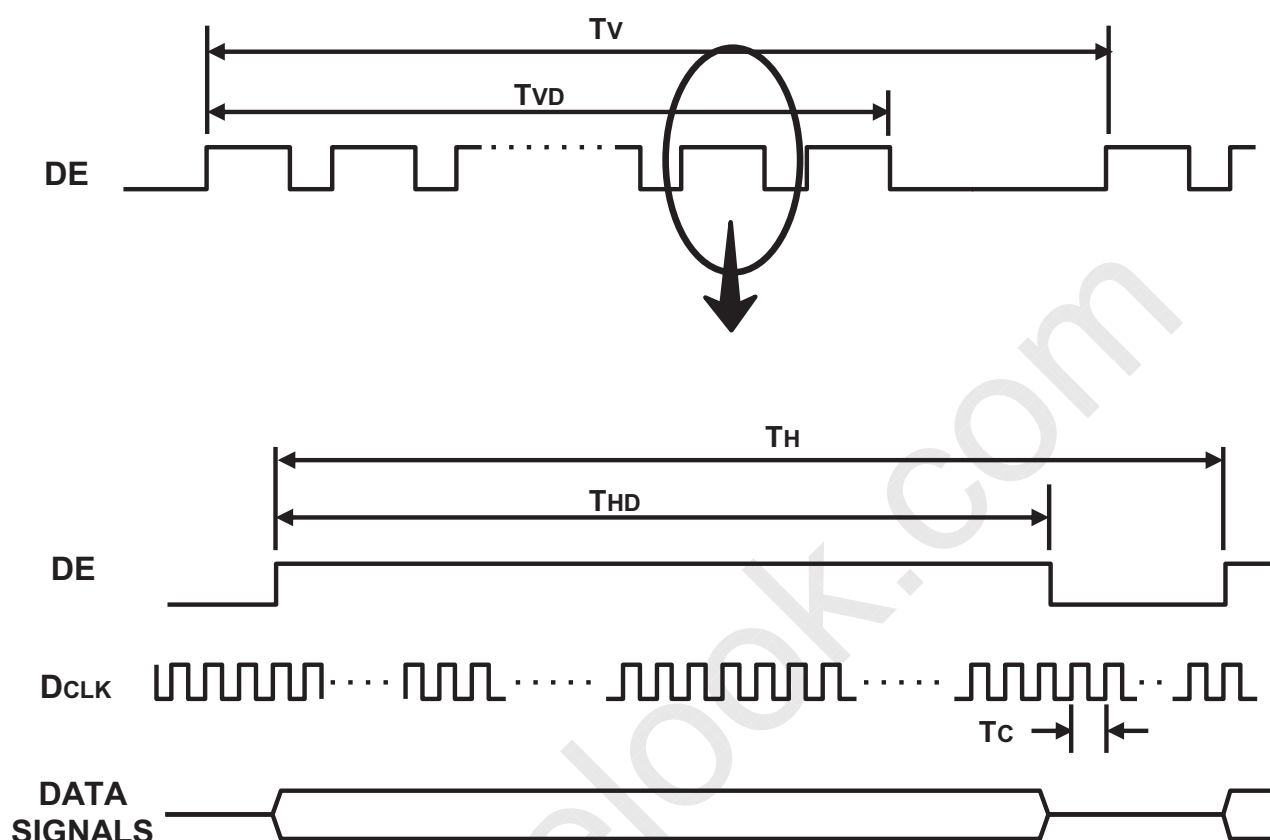
COLOR	DISPLAY (8bit)	DATA SIGNAL																												GRAY SCALE LEVEL		
		RED										GREEN										BLUE										
		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	G8	G9	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7		B8	B9
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	
GRAY SCALE OF RED	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0	
	DARK ↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1	
		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2	
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	R3~ R1020	
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
	↓ LIGHT	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1021
		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1022
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1023
GRAY SCALE OF GREEN	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0	
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	G3~ G1020
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
	↓ LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1021
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1022
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1023
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0	
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B3~ B1020
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
	↓ LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B1021
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B1022
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B1023

Note) Definition of Gray :

Rn : Red Gray, Gn : Green Gray, Bn : Blue Gray (n = Gray level)

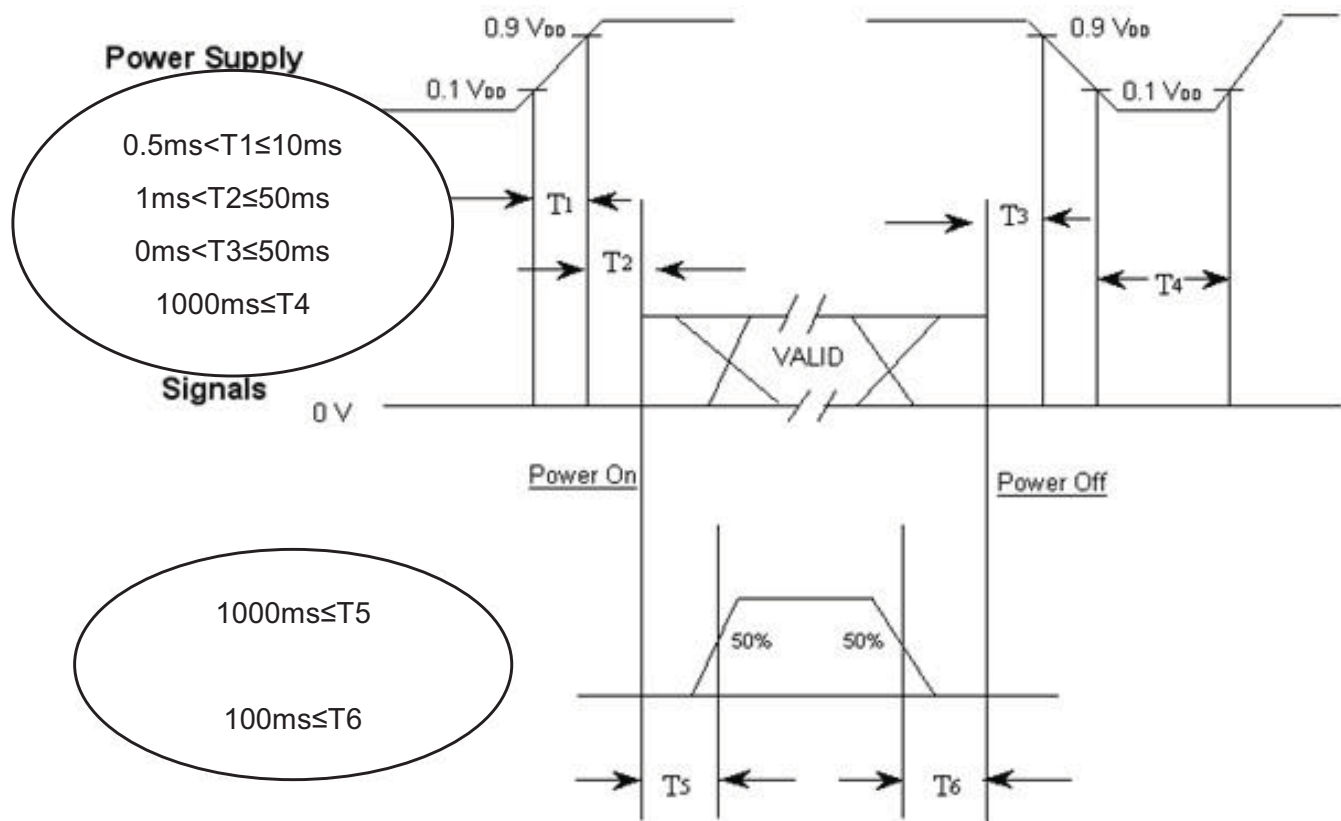
Input Signal : 0 = Low level voltage, 1 = High level voltage

6.3 Timing diagrams of interface signal (DE only mode)



6.4 Power ON/OFF Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD Module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



T_1 : V_{DD} rising time from 10% to 90%

T_2 : The time from V_{DD} to valid data at power ON.

T_3 : The time from valid data off to V_{DD} off at power Off.

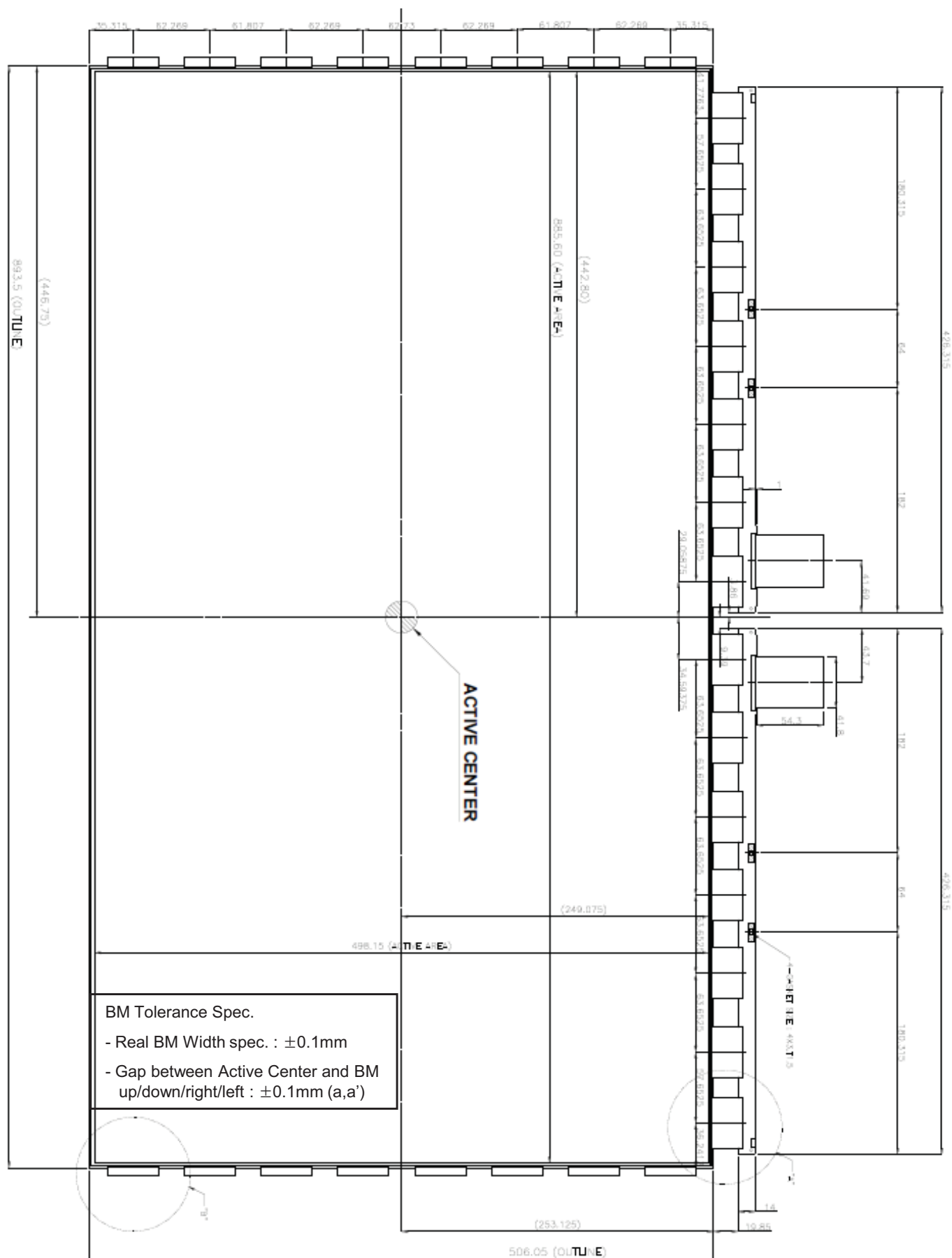
T_4 : V_{DD} off time for Windows restart

T_5 : The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.

T_6 : The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

- The supply voltage of the external system for the Module input should be the same as the definition of V_{DD} .
- Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back light turns off, the display may momentarily show abnormal screen.
- In case of V_{DD} = off level, please keep the level of input signals low or keep a high impedance.
- T_4 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Interface signal should not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

7. Outline Dimension



MODEL

LSJ400HL02

Doc. No

07-001-S-111214

Page

13/28

9. PACKING

9.1 CARTON (Internal Package)

- (1) Packing Form Corrugated fiberboard box and corrugated cardboard as shock absorber
- (2) Packing Method

Packing- Upper Box

Pallet Tray

10EA

10EA

Pallet-Plastic

15EA

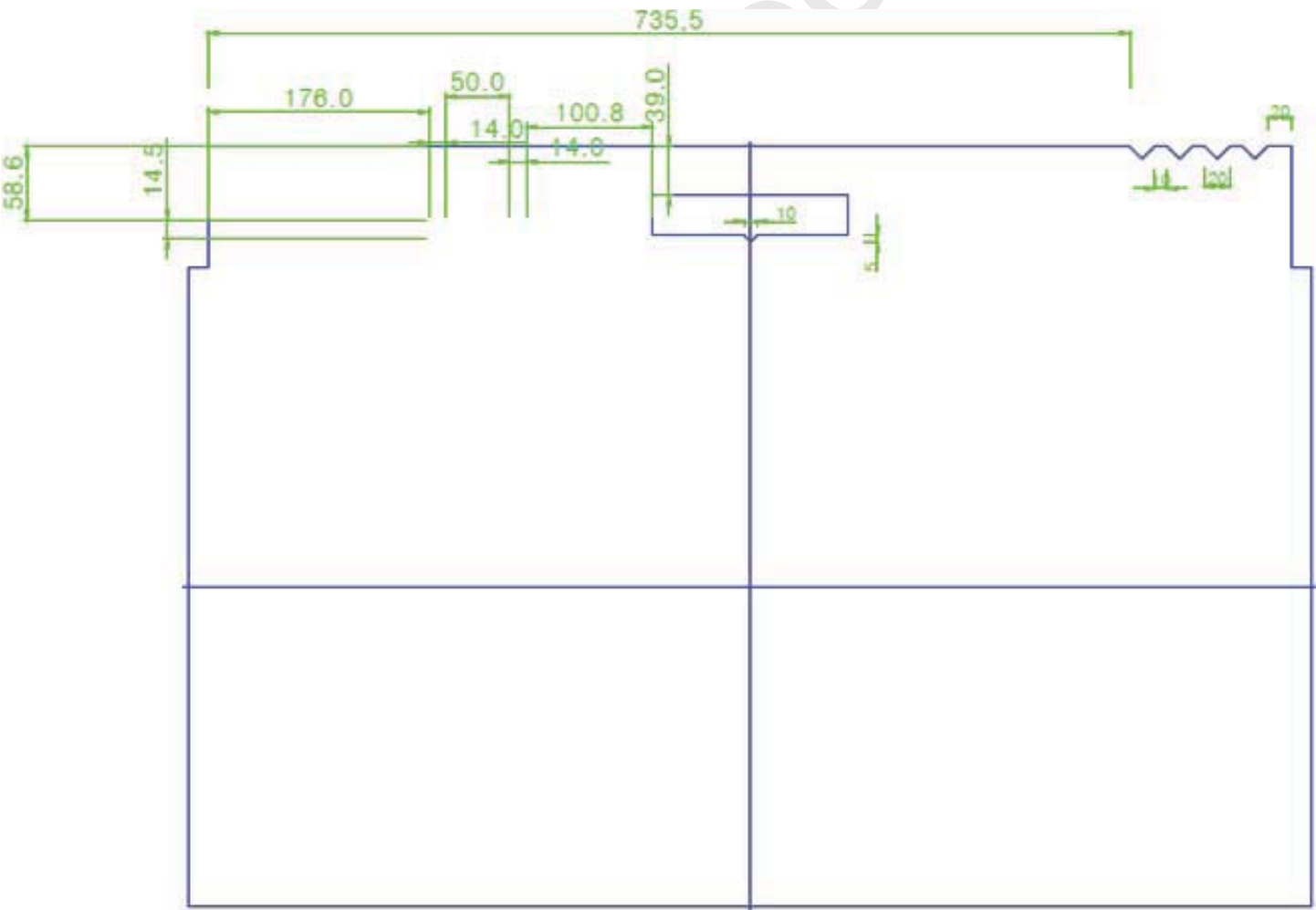
9.2 Packing Specification

ITEM	Specification	Remark
LCD Packing	300ea / Box	1. 1.90 Kg / LCD (15[ea]/Tray, 300[ea]/Pallet) 2. 0.05 Kg / Middle sheet (18[ea]/Tray, 360[ea]/Pallet) 3. 1.40 Kg / Panel tray (20ea/Pallet) 4. 1.00 Kg / Packing Box (1ea)
Pallet-Wood	1Box / Pallet	1. Pallet weight = 27 kg 2. 27 Kg / Pallet
Pallet size	H x V x height	1,485mm(H) x 1,150mm(V) x 1,192mm(height)
Pallet weight	648.0 kg	Pallet(27kg) + Panel tray(28kg) + Panel(570g) + Middle sheet(18Kg) + Packing Box (5kg)

9.3 Middle Sheet Specification

ITEM	Specification	
Measurement Condition	Temperature	25℃
	Humidity	20% ~ 60%
Material	Polyethylene	
Surface Resistance	10 ⁶ ~ 10 ^{9.9} Ω	
Frictional Voltage	Static (No Friction)	Less than 200V
	Dynamic (Friction : 5times at once)	Less than 500V

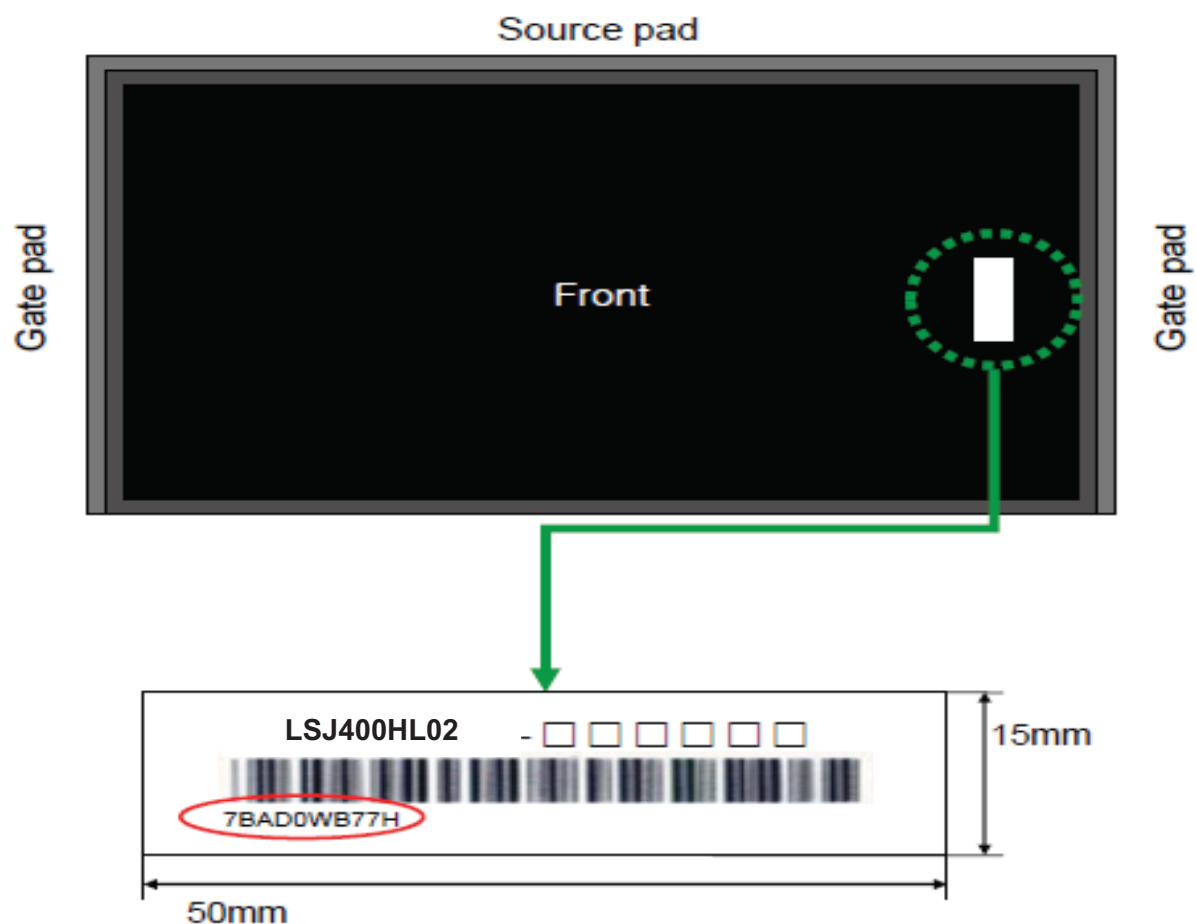
9.4 Middle Sheet Outline Dimension



10. MARKING & OTHERS

A nameplate bearing followed by is affixed to a shipped product at the specified location on each product.

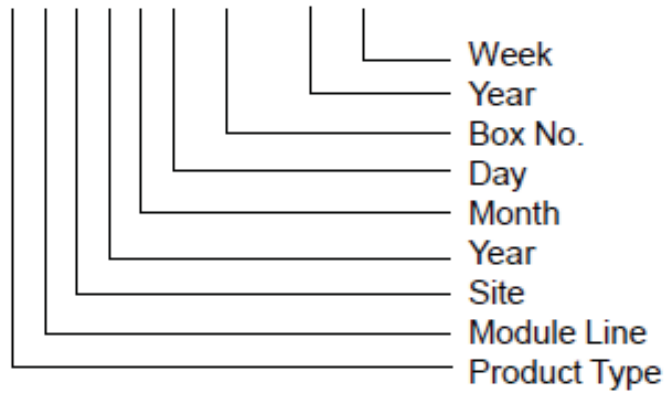
(1) Cell Label



Lot number : X X X X XXX XX X

Cell Position No. (In the Glass)
Glass No. (In the one Lot)
Lot No. (Glass)
Month
Year (Note1)
Product code
Line

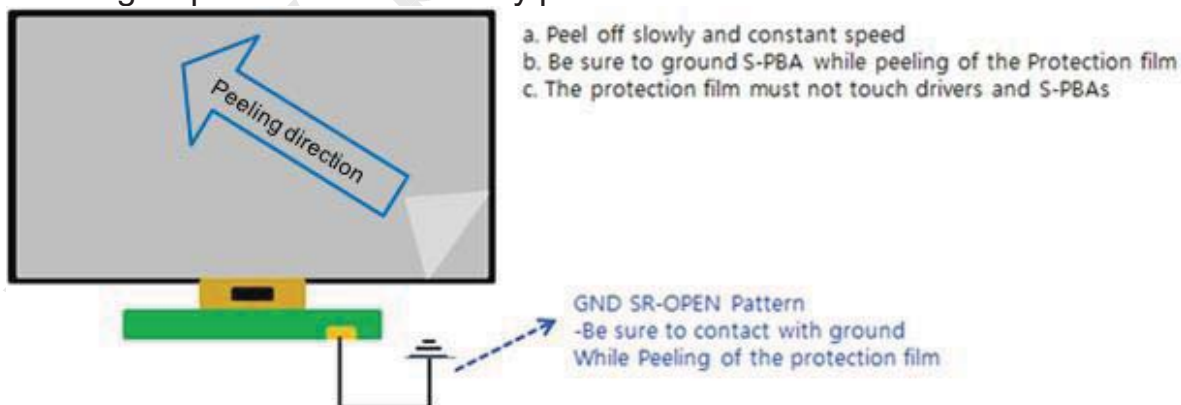
(2) Box Label

BOX Serial : X X X X X X XXXX XX XX

11. General Precautions

11.1 Handling

- (a) When the Module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly using all mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the Module.
- (b) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the Module. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the Module and CCFL back light.
- (c) Note that polarizers are very fragile and could be damage easily. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- (d) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, staining or discoloration may occur.
- (e) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (f) Desirable cleaners are water, IPA(Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use Ketone type materials(ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (g) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth . In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away with soap thoroughly.
- (h) Protect the module from Electrostatic discharge. Otherwise the ASIC IC or Semiconductor would be damaged.
- (i) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.



- (k) Protection film for polarizer on the Module should be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized. Must put on antistatic glove while handle a module
- (l) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

* Process Control Standard

	Item	Management standard value and performance standard
1	Anti-static mat (shelf)	1 to 50 [Mohm]
2	Anti-static mat (floor, desk)	1 to 100 [Mohm]
3	Ionizer	Attenuate from $\pm 1,000V$ to $\pm 100V$ within 2 sec
4	Anti-static wrist band	0.8 to 10 [Mohm]
5	Anti-static wrist band entry and ground resistance	Below 1,000 [ohm]
6	Temperature	0 ~ 35℃
7	Humidity	60 to 70 [%RH]

11.2 Storage

We highly recommend to comply with the criteria in the table below

ITEM	Unit	Min.			Max.		
Storage Temperature	(°C)	5			40		
Storage Humidity	(%rH)	35			75		
Storage life	6 months						
Storage Condition							

11.3 Operation

- Do not connect or disconnect the Module in the "Power On" condition.
- Power supply should always be turned on/off by the "Power on/off sequence"
- Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference should be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- The cable between the back light connector and its inverter power supply should be connected directly with a minimized length. A longer cable between the back light and the inverter may cause lower luminance of lamp(CCFT) and may require higher startup voltage(Vs).



11.4 Operation Condition Guide

- (a) The LCD product should be operated under normal conditions.

Normal condition is defined as below;

- Temperature : $20 \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Humidity : $55 \pm 20\%$
- Display pattern : continually changing pattern (Not stationary)

- (b) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, humidity, display patterns or operation time etc., It is strongly recommended to contact SEC for Application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at Airports, Transit Stations, Banks, Stock market, and Controlling systems.

11.5 Others

- (a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- (b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.
- (c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on)
Otherwise the Module may be damaged.
- (d) If the Module keeps displaying the same pattern for a long period of time, the image may be "sticked" to the screen.
To avoid image sticking, it is recommended to use a screen saver.
- (e) This Module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
- (f) Please contact SEC in advance when you display the same pattern for a long time.